7 December 2023 – BelTOX

Advances in the Risk Assessment of Chemical Mixtures

CRA FOR PESTICIDE RESIDUES STATUS OF EFSA-SANTE ACTION PLAN

Germán Giner Santonja





EFSA-SANTE ACTION PLAN

Prioritisation: 2023 (to be repeated every 3 years)
Estimated organs: 8 to 16

Development of new CAGs

Retrospective CRA

- **Timeline:** 2022 onwards
- Repeated on a regular basis based on CAGs update and exposure changes
- MS Capacity Building

• **Timeline:** 2025 onwards

- Assess the risks related to new authorisations
- Mock assessment initiated

Prospective CRA

Integration of non-dietary exposure

- Timeline: 2024 onwards
- Work programme under elaboration



CRA PRIORITIZATION (TO BE REPEATED EVERY 3 YEARS)

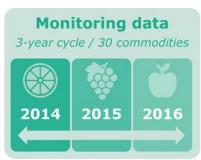
2022 2021 2023 Monitoring data **Population groups Target organs** 3-year cycle / 36 commodities 30 groups / 17 countries To be compiled by DTU 2019 2020 2021 Adults Children **Scientific Report** List of pesticides and organs/systems that require establishment of CAGs and CRAs **Preliminary analysis Substance screening Organ screening** Probabilistic assessment for Identify pesticides with Create assessment groups measurable findings each single pesticide by organ Probabilistic assessment for **67** pesticides were retained **371** pesticides were retained for prioritisation for next step (>10% HBGV) **16** target organ systems



RETROSPECTIVE CRA, ALREADY PERFORMED

Pilot assessment



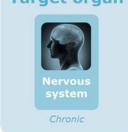


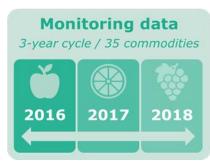


2019

2020



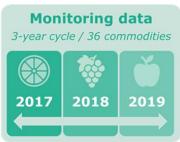






Craniofacial malformations







2022

2021



RETROSPECTIVE CRA, TO BE PERFORMED



Kidney: Ongoing



Liver: Ongoing



Reproductive and developmental effects:

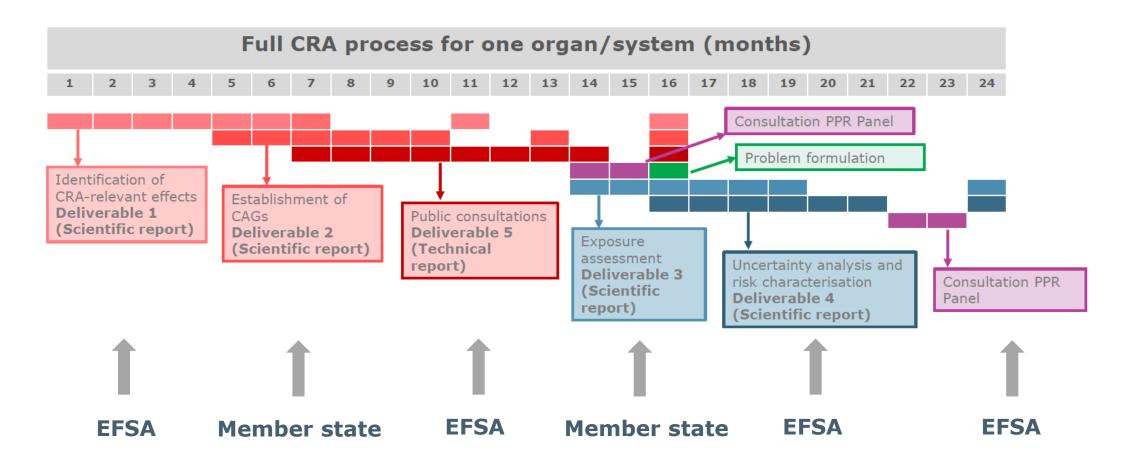
start in 2023-2024

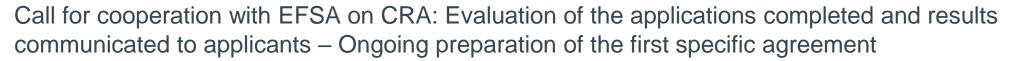


Male reproductive system: start in 2025



RETROSPECTIVE CRA, WORK SHARING







PROSPECTIVE CRA, PRELIMINARY ACTIONS

Case studies

EXTERNAL SCIENTIFIC REPORT



doi:10.2903/sp.efsa.2021.EN-6811

Proposed prospective scenarios for cumulative risk assessment of pesticide residues

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Abstract

To ensure a high level of consumer protection, Article 14 of Regulation (EC) No. 396/2005 stipulates that decisions on applications concerning the setting, modifying and deletion of maximum residue levels (MRLs) of pesticides shall take into account the cumulative effects, when the methods to assess such effects are available. This report investigates the feasibility of a tiered approach for prospective cumulative risk assessment (CRA). This report describes 15 case studies for the cumulative assessment group (CAG) associated with an effect on the motor division of the nervous system and 15 for the CAG associated with an effect on hypothyroidism. For each case study, Tier 0, Tier I and Tier II calculations were performed. The Tier II assessment was performed for three different scenarios representing three different risk assessment questions related to the exposure of a focal substance/focal commodity combination: 1) the MRL scenario assessing exposure at the MRL, 2) the Good Agricultural Practice (GAP) scenario assessing exposure to the focal commodity treated with the focal substance at the critical GAP and 3) the actual scenario, assessing actual exposure of pesticides, and taking into account use frequency of the focal substance. Additionally, three sensitivity analyses were performed addressing the impact of changing parameters or assumptions made in the comparison. The results revealed that prospective CRA could be performed more efficiently if a trigger value (e.g. a certain percentage of the Health Based Guidance Value (HBGV)) is implemented at Tier 0. For the tiered approach, however, although Tier II calculations should in principle result in a higher total Margin of Exposure compared to Tier I, this was not the case for all scenarios and case studies. Final criteria will need to be discussed and agreed by the Standing Committee of Plants, Animal, Food and Feed.

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Key words: prospective cumulative exposure assessment, pesticide residues, acute effects, chronic effects, probabilistic, Monte Carlo Risk Assessment

Question number: EFSA-Q-2020-00759 Correspondence: data.collection@efsa.europa.eu

SANTE WG

MINUTES OF THE WORKING GROUP MEETING ON CUMULATIVE RISK ASSESSMENT OF PESTICIDE RESIDUES

Monday 29 June 2020 (Webex)

MINUTES OF THE WORKING GROUP MEETING ON CUMULATIVE RISK ASSESSMENT OF PESTICIDE RESIDUES **Participants** COM DG S Thursday 18 March 2021 (Webex) EFSA: Brus Participants: RIVM: Jacc COM DG SA

MINUTES OF THE WORKING GROUP MEETING ON CUMULATIVE RISK ASSESSMENT OF PESTICIDE RESIDUES

Wednesday 26 May 2021 (Webex)

Anni

CZ: Petr Se AT: Ingo Gr

RIVM: Jacob

AT: Ingo G EFSA: Brune

BE: Chanta

CY: Despo

COM DG SANTE: Almut Bitterhof and Stephanos Kirkagaslis

DK: Bodil I BG: Ralitsa (EFSA: Bruno Dujardin, Hermine Reich

FR: Alexan CY: Despo I RIVM: Jacob Van Klaveren, Gerda van Donkersgoed, Trijntje van der Velde, Annick van der Brand

FI: Juha La: CZ: Petr Sed

GR: Christo DE: Christia: AT: Ingo Großsteiner HR: Zdravk DK: Bodil H BE: Chantal Vervaet

FR: Alexand BG: Ralitsa Ganeva

FI: Tiia Mak CY: Despo Louca Christodoulou

NL: Arie To GR: Christos CZ: Petr Sedlak

IE: Finbarr C DE: Christian Sieke, Karsten Hohgardt, Angela Göbel

IT: Angela S DK: Bodil Hamborg Jensen, Nina Nørgaard Sørensen

LT: Elena B: FR: Alexandra Mienné, Florence Gerault

NL: Arie To: FI: Tiia Makinen-Toykka, Johanna Rajasärkkä

GR: Christos Anagnostopoulos, Maira Gaspari

IE: Finbarr O'Regan

IT: Angela Santilio

LT: Elena Barzdéniené, Eglé Vegiené

using the rel NL: Arie Ton, Judith Hulst the pan SE: Niklas Montel

PAFF

MRL-SETTING (PROSPECTIVE) CUMULATIVE RISK ASSESSMENT

TENTATIVE APPROACH REGARDING CERTAIN PARAMETERS FOR EFSA'S "CRA MRL-SETTING MOCK EXERCISE 2022"

Standing Committee for Plants, Animals, Food and Feed - Section Phytopharmaceuticals, Perticide Residues, 22-23 February 2022

At the meetings of Experts on Cumulative Risk Assessment on 18 March 2021 and 26 May 2021, it was announced that the European Food Safety Authority (EFSA) would perform a "mock" exercise for the MRLsetting scenario within 2022. EFSA will pick an application for the setting of a Maximum Residue Level (MRL) and will perform acute and chronic consumer exposure assessments using the CRA methodology as developed

It is important to note that the selected application needs to concern a crop included in the EU coordinated multi-annual monitoring programmes, as background exposure calculations are based on them, and a pesticide included in the currently established Cumulative Assessment Groups.

During the Experts' meetings, EFSA highlighted four parameters in the methodology for which the views of risk managers were necessary in order to further advance and are key-points for EFSA's 'mock' exercise. The discussions on those parameters were not conclusive, however there was consensus on a tentative approach for some of them. Table 1 below lists those parameters and the tentative approach from the Experts.

This 'tentative approach' for some parameters is the outcome of an initial exchange and convergence of ideas expressed during the Experts' meetings. The approaches listed below only serve the purpose of supporting the execution of the 'mock' exercise from EFSA. They are subject to review and update from the Experts following the results of the exercise, in order to further fine-tune the approach.

	Parameter	Tentative Approach	Status
1	Uncertainty of background exposure	Use uncertainty factors at the 99.9P in Tier 1 and Tier 2.	Consensus
2	Tier 1	PRIMo estimates to be summed with the 99.9th percentile of the background exposure distribution	
3	Tier 2	GAP-scenario including the 20% use frequency.	Consensus
4	Condition to trigger CRA?	If focal exposure >10% ADI/ARID	No agreement, Awaiting results from 'mock' exercise.

A fifth point was raised by DG SANTE as whether it would be imperative to use the same (MRL) approach in both IESTI and CRA (Tier 2), however, this is pending discussions on an international level and will be further evaluated following the conclusion of those discussions.



PROSPECTIVE SCENARIOS

Mock assessments

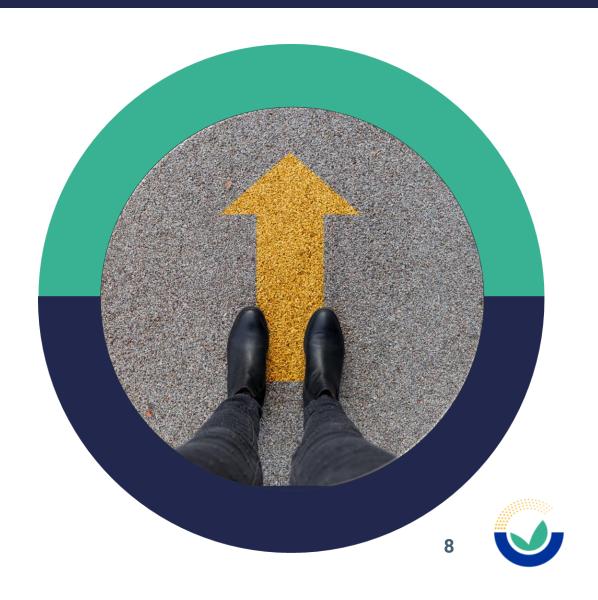
(Anses, EFSA tasking grant)

Acute prospective CRA

- Effects on motordivision: tefluthrin/carrot,
 9 populations
- December 2022 to November 2023

Chronic prospective CRA

- Hypothyroidism: fenamidone/lettuce, 9 populations
- April 2023 to April 2024



EU CAPACITY BUILDING ON CRA OF PESTICIDES

- EFSA
- RIVM
- DTU
- BfR
- BPI
- Anses
- WG Experts





INTEGRATION OF NON-DIETARY EXPOSURE

Work programme under elaboration - 6 years starting in 2024

Work package 1 (Methodology, toxicology)

Adaptation of the methodologies regarding the hazard identification and hazard characterisation developed for retrospective dietary CRA

Work package 2 (Methodology, exposure)

Development of the methodology to perform non-dietary cumulative exposure assessments, linked to the methodology in WP1

Work package 3 (Prototype calculation tool)

Translating the model developed in WP2 into a calculation tool (MCRA)

Work package 4 (prioritisation)

Prioritisation of pesticides, toxicological effects and population groups of concern

Work package 5
(Pilot assessment)

Survey for non-dietary exposure in a representative sample of population Non-dietary cumulative exposure assessment and uncertainty analysis using the prototype calculator 10



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